Standards

of

Practice

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Note

The IABDM Standards of Practice is a living document, continually open to discussion and revision. The most current edition will be available through the Academy website (iabdm.org) at all times.

To comment, recommend changes or otherwise contribute to this document, IABDM members should contact Executive Director Dr. Dawn Ewing (drdawn@drdawn.net or 281-251-4411).
Biological Dentistry
A Definition & Introductory Considerations

A specialty within the dental profession, biological dentistry is concerned with the whole body effects of all dental materials, techniques and procedures. It unites the best clinical practices and technologies of western dentistry and medicine with a wide array of modalities beyond the horizon of conventional practice. For biological dentistry acknowledges, appreciates and considers the complex and dynamic relationships between oral health and systemic health within the context of the whole person. These things are inseparable.

Optimal health and wellness are intimately related to which and how dental materials, techniques and care are provided. We intend to be minimally invasive yet appropriately active.

Biological dentists may be general dentists, periodontists, orthodontists, oral surgeons or pedodontists. In addition to training in their chosen specialty, they also have extensive training in both dental toxicology and specific healing modalities beyond those of western dentistry. The latter include – but are not limited to – Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM), Ayurveda, herbology, homeopathy, iridology and energy medicine. Specific modalities will vary from dentist to dentist, but all are incorporated into treatment for the betterment of the patient. For the word “biological” refers to life. Any protocol followed must be one designed of components that sustain life or improve the quality of life for individuals pursuing treatment.

These individuals, of course, are wonderfully – and often troublingly – unique, and this fact must be taken into consideration, especially as it relates to the permanent placement of dental materials. Experienced practitioners have learned to deal with the fact that no single dental material or anesthetic can be appropriate for all patients.
Though each practitioner has their favorite materials for strength, beauty and chemical metabolism, material testing for each patient is preferred over blanket approval of any one material. The ideal treatment is customized treatment, tailored to the individual patient’s biochemistry, energetic profile, current health status, needs, values, desires and goals.

The issue of materials applies to root canal treated teeth, as well, but there is a more fundamental consideration: A tooth without vessels and nerves is, by definition, dead, and keeping that tooth in the body is a burden with which that body must deal. Discussion of “compatible” root canal filling materials and possible canal sterilization by laser or irrigants such as ozone are interesting but fail to address the issue of burden. Each dentist and patient may decide for themselves if the “saving” of a tooth is worth its potential impact on overall health.

Some physicians recommend that their patients have their dentist sign an agreement to use only the medicaments, treatments and protocols the physician favors. While well-intentioned, such prescription is inappropriate in light of the above issues. The biological dentist is in the best position to determine suitable treatment based on the patient’s unique and specific health situation.
What Is Biological Dentistry?

By Felix Liao, DDS
Contributed by the author

“Biological” means life and health enhancing. Biological dentistry has one aim: to support and promote total health with a healthier teeth, gums, and mouth.

Teeth and mouth are connected to the whole body through bones, blood, lymph, fascia, emotions, food, water, air and more. Biological dentistry is concerned with


B. The effect of a patient’s food, lifestyle, environment and systemic health on their teeth, gums, jaws, muscles, joints, saliva and associated oral tissues and structures.

C. The effect of all health care interventions on patient’s oral health.

In short, biological dentists are dental physicians who subscribe to the goals of restoring and sustaining whole body health by

- Promoting lifestyle, health and preventive dental practices.
- Relieving or reducing body burdens such as infections, inflammation, toxic materials, electromagnetic disturbances, malocclusion and associated head-neck-jaw pain, snoring, sleep apnea and more, with clinical dental care.
- Educating patients on the systemic hazards of mouth breathing, food allergies, nutritional deficiencies, postural distortion and psycho-emotional distress and disorders.
- Educating all health professionals on oral contributions to systemic ills, and vice versa.

To promote total health through oral care, biological dental physicians have training beyond dental school in integrative and alternative modalities. Examples can include but are not limited to

1. Traditional Chinese Medicine and Electrodermal Assessment
2. Homeopathy, energy medicine and biological terrain assessment
3. Cranial-jaw-spinal orthopedics
4. Sleep medicine
5. Nutrition and lifestyle impacts on adults’ oral health
6. Nutrition, allergies and food sensitivities on children’s dental-facial development
7. Oral-Systemic links on all mouth-body connections
8. Emotional and post-traumatic stress on mouth-brain connections
9. Toxicology, environmental medicine and detoxification support
10. Muscle and joint physiology, myofascial release and myofunctional therapy
11. Neural therapy
12. Surgical and non-surgical treatment of bone infections

The purpose of these additional modalities is to make the mouth fit to support total health, and vice versa. Examples from biological dental physicians’ collective experience include:

- Jaw pain in patients with undiagnosed gluten sensitivity.
- Heavy tongue coating as an indication of digestive insufficiency.
- Teeth grinding in patients with an undiagnosed sleep breathing disorder.
- Late eruption of adult teeth as an indication of low iodine levels, which can affect growth and development.

Every IABDM member is invited and encouraged to add to this Clinical Experience Bank. Email your contributions to felixliao@cox.net.

We share such clinical experience with each other and other interested health care professionals to promote mutual referrals to achieve functional and total health for patients.
Standards Of Practice

The Standards of Practice (SOPs) for the International Academy of Biological Dentistry and Medicine (IABDM) have been compiled and peer-reviewed by members of the organization.

The Standards are available on our website (iabdm.org) and are updated as needed. Members will be notified by email and an announcement will be posted on the website whenever any such changes have been made.

The IABDM encourages new members to read this document completely and direct any questions or concerns with the Academy’s Executive Director, Dawn Ewing (drdawn@drdawn.net).

While it may be impossible to construct a complete list of protocols for the typical biological dental or medical office, we can highlight those based on a common paradigm: treating the cause of symptoms with the aim of alleviating disease, restoring and sustaining health.

This stands in stark contrast to non-biological practice, which privileges the control of symptoms, improvement of aesthetics and continuance of life regardless of its quality.

We likewise share a deep and constant belief in the Hippocratic injunction: First, do no harm.

Thus, the biological dental office is one in which the dentist pays most attention to how toxic materials and infections are removed from the mouth and how new restorative materials will affect the body. Many biological dental offices also monitor and treat the patient as they undergo detoxification and recuperation.

The biological medical office is one in which the physician pays most attention to systems in a state of disease that have caused the patient’s body to be out of balance.
with itself or its environment. The biological physician incorporates nutrition, energy medicine and detoxification in the restoration of complete health.

Following the information on records gathering below, the rest of this document consists of synopses of each type of modality commonly used by biological practitioners, along with references and resources for further study. This collection of information is not intended to be exhaustive but illustrative of the best science supporting biological dentistry and medicine as they are practiced around the world today.
Patient Records

In order to practice the Standard of Care in biological dentistry, there are basic information and records we collect and take before providing dental care. These fall under three basic headings: 1) **Patient Information**, 2) **Patient Health Information** and 3) **Clinical Dental Examination**.

### Patient Information
- Name
- Address, telephone number and email
- Employment information
- Financial information (who is responsible for paying)
- Insurance information
- Family members (emergency contacts)

### Patient Health Information
(Some specifics may vary, depending on where in the nation/world you practice)
- Health history form(s)
- Dental health history
- Baseline blood pressure
- All medications taken by the patient, including homeopathics, herbs and dietary supplements in addition to pharmaceutical drugs

### Clinical Dental Examination
- Full mouth radiographic series and 16 to 18 periapical and bite wing x-rays (though some situations may call for fewer images or more specialized ones)
- Charting of existing conditions, including missing teeth, restorations, dental materials present, impacted wisdom teeth and any oral/dental abnormalities
- Complete periodontal charting, including probing depths, tissue health assessment, notation of fistulas present
- Head, neck and oral cancer screening
- TMJ examination with charting of symptoms, condition and physical and radiographic structure
Nutrition

Nutrition includes matters of ingestion, digestion, absorption and metabolism of nutrients, food and water. A goal of prevention of caries, periodontal disease and bone loss may include addressing hormonal issues, as well.

Differential diagnosis can be made by laboratory analysis of blood, urine, saliva and hair. EAV or muscle testing may be helpful in determining nutritional needs.

Uses
We now recognize high blood sugar problems and genetic ones like MTHFR may interfere with our common goal. Deficient diets are a contributing factor to bone loss and periodontal disease, as well as decay. Balancing body chemistry can play a role in TMJ and myofascial healing.

Training
The IABDM recognizes that most schools are lacking in hours dedicated to nutrition and strongly recommends members take classes to increase their awareness.

Resources

- The Fordham-Page Clinic
  215-688-1300

- Sam Queen

- Hal Huggins

- Weston Price

- Price Pottinger Foundation

Bibliography


3. Page M. *Degeneration Regeneration*. St. Petersburg Beach, FL: Nutritional Development; 1949


**Applied Kineiology (muscle testing) is derived from the work of George Goodheart, DC (1964).**

**Matrix Response Testing Method (MRT, formerly known as AM-FM)**
Source: [http://www.radicalmedicine.com/MRT_technique.html](http://www.radicalmedicine.com/MRT_technique.html)

**Introduction**
MRT is an energetic testing method that evaluates changes in patients' connective tissue, also known as the "ground substance" or "matrix" tissue. MRT assists doctors and practitioners in determining the underlying cause of a patient's pain, dysfunction or disease, and the most specific and optimal form of treatment.

In 1998, Dr. Williams developed the Matrix Reflex Testing method. This energetic testing technique evolved from a combination of the reflex arm length test (AR) originated by Raphael van Assche, DO, from Austria; an assessment of the body's electromagnetic field adapted from a French physician, Paul Nogier, MD; the use of hand modes and six-channel entry patterns modified from Alan Beardall, DC; and Dr. Williams' own original contributions (Mode Cards, distinction between right versus left arm shortening, Gel and Sol Matrix Testing, etc.).

**The Reflex Arm Measurement Component of MRT**

The reflex arm length test is conducted by comparing a patient's arm lengths with the elbows relaxed and slightly flexed. Analogous to the kinesiological phenomena of a muscle changing from strong to weak when challenged with a toxic stressor, a shift from even arms to a short arm in the MRT technique also indicates a positive test. For example, a wheat vial placed within the energy field of a patient with a wheat allergy would elicit a short arm reflex response.

In contrast to the autonomic nervous system-mediated kinesiology testing, the MRT method primarily assesses the functioning of the body's connective tissue. Deane Juhan, in his excellent book Job's Body, describes this most ubiquitous tissue:

> *The look and feel of connective tissue is familiar to any cook: It is the whitish, glossy sac which surrounds each individual muscle in a carcass, the smooth, slick covering over raw bones, the membranes that encase the internal organs and line the body cavities, the tough tendons, ligaments, and bursae which cook up into gristle.* (p. 61)

Connective tissue thus has the firmer texture of tendons, ligaments and membranes, as well as being quite fluid, ranging from a viscous gelatin-like state to watery. This aspect of the connective tissue that has variable fluidity is known as the ground substance, or matrix tissue. This fluid matrix is the most ancient tissue in our bodies - one that we actually share with the aquatic organisms from which we first emerged. Often referred to
as our internal ocean, this matrix mesh - much like egg-white in consistency - surrounds and bathes "every nook and cranny" in our bodies (Juhan, p. 60). Within this matrix resides protein-sugar molecules, or proteoglycans, that react so instantly and uniformly to stress, that the matrix tissue has been referred to as a liquid crystal. It is therefore easy to understand its very direct communication with the cell membranes, which have also been likened to liquid crystals that act as semiconductors (Lipton, *The Biology of Belief*, 2005, p. 90).

Thus, in contrast to what most of us learned in school, far from being simply a filling material or connecting tissue, the matrix tissue serves a multitude of other important functions in the body. For example, it is the strategic site where essential metabolic processes take place; that is, where nutrients and hormones cross from the capillaries to the cells, and wastes from cellular activity cross back. Disturbances within this capillary bed-cell matrix tissue area have been recognized as the starting point of many diseases. Therefore, the matrix connective tissue is primarily affected in every type of disease, and in turn, can play the most significant role in the healing process (Pischinger & Heine, 1991, p. 17). In his article, "Quantum Coherence and Conscious Experience," Mae-Wan Ho summarizes the very essential functioning of the matrix tissue most succinctly:

> Connective tissues make up the bulk of all multicellular animals. They are flexible, highly responsive, yet ordered phases which are connected, via transmembrane proteins to the intracellular matrices of individual cells. The extracellular and intracellular matrices together constitute an excitable continuum for rapid intercommunication permeating the entire organism, enabling it to function as a coherent whole. The existence of this liquid crystalline continuum has been directly demonstrated in all live organisms...It constitutes a "body consciousness" that precedes the nervous system in evolution...[and] works in tandem with, and independently of the nervous system.

In the MRT test, toxins or degenerative processes in the matrix are identified by a change in arm length. For example, patients who have mercury amalgam fillings have this most toxic metal (second only to plutonium) diffused throughout their matrix tissue. When a vial of mercury is placed on these patients' energy field, it can elicit a positive short arm response. This short arm reaction is a measure of the reflexive contractile response of the proteoglycans in the matrix tissue, responding instantly and uniformly throughout the body to a recognized toxic stressor.

This response is quite immediate, as observed in the MRT method as well as in the laboratory described by Dr. Alfred Pischinger and Professor Hartmut Heine in *Matrix and Matrix Regulation*:

> As a result of their electrical lability, proteoglycans react to every quality of stimulus with depolarization and can transmit this in the ground system [matrix] as a chain reaction. (p. 114)

And since the depolarization of these protein-sugar molecules "can spread suddenly throughout the entire system," and "the extracellular matrix permeates the extracellular
spaces of the entire organism, reaches every cell, and always reacts uniformly," it is clear why the whole body responds so instantaneously to any toxic challenge (pp. 18 & 19). The actual mechanics of the arm length change occurs through the lability of the matrix tissue's unique reflex ability to change from gel (more viscous) to sol (more liquid) in response to stress (Oschman, J. *Energy Medicine*, 2000, p. 170).

**Benefits of Matrix Reflex Testing**

MRT is generally a more sensitive method of testing than kinesiology, and thus serves as a useful ancillary test for many kinesiologists. Modern electron microscopy studies have found that the nerves do not actually touch the cells, but that their neurotransmitters are carried from the blind nerve endings through the matrix tissue to their target cells. Through its matrix-mediated assessment, the MRT method therefore more directly measures the body's extracellular as well as intracellular environments, in contrast to the ANS (autonomic nervous system)-mediated muscle testing. Further, since the matrix tissue is also in direct contact with the hormones through the capillary beds, the subtle disturbances in hormonal functioning can also best be measured through this more sensitive test. This fact, that neither the blood nor the nervous system anatomically contact or innervate the cells, has actually been known as far back as 1845, as Dr. Pischinger and Dr. Heine elucidate in Matrix and Matrix Regulation:

> C.B. Reichert (1845) also understood the connective tissue [matrix] not only as a mechanically binding but organically vital (!) medium, and recognized that the nerves and vessels do not actually come into direct contact with the functioning cells at any point in the body, but that the connective tissue is the mediating member, the bearer of the nerve and nutrition flow, and that the reciprocal effects pass through it everywhere. Only the connective tissue has direct contact with all parts of the body. (pp. 14 & 15)

The superior sensitivity of the Matrix Reflex Testing has been borne out countless times clinically, when strong defensive presentations such as "sympathicotonia" (systemic hypertonic muscle responses) or "crashing" (the loss of clarity during a treatment) are able to be assessed through MRT, when further muscle testing is not possible. Additionally, an important and extremely common pathological presentation known as oscillation - when the proteoglycans in the matrix tissue are in electrical chaos and become disordered due to some acutely disturbing factor - can only be diagnosed and treated through MRT. Oscillation is not possible to assess through muscle testing, or through other energetic testing methods such as electroacupuncture. However, although arm reflex testing has been proven more sensitive than muscle testing, kinesiology still remains as a valuable ancillary testing technique for many MRT practitioners, and the dramatic change from a weak to a strong muscle with the correct treatment continues to be an excellent form of in vivo biofeedback for both patients and doctors.

One final benefit of MRT is that it is relatively easy to learn. Unlike kinesiology or the even-more-difficult-to-master Auriculomedicine technique (from Nogier), the basics of reflex arm measurement testing can be learned in weeks, and one can even become quite proficient at it within a year. It should be further noted that doctors and practitioners with a background in muscle testing (AK, CK, NK, etc.) master the MRT technique exceptionally fast.
The Field Measurement Component of Matrix Reflex Testing

An even more subtle and sensitive parameter of MRT is the field measurement. This test measures the electromagnetic field, or EMF, that surrounds every living thing. Unlike the astral and mental planes that are described in esoteric schools as extending from four to six feet out from the body, the EMF very closely surrounds the physical body. This field that lies within millimeters of the physical body is not so esoteric however, and in fact, has been well documented through various scientific instrumentation, particularly Kirlian photography.

Recent research has found that this EMF is actually another manifestation of the body's liquid crystal continuum, or matrix, resulting in the direct current (DC) electrodynamic field that permeates the entire body as well as the borders of the body, or EMF (Ho, 1997). Thus, the EMF provides an even more sensitive measurement of the body's matrix tissue, or "body consciousness" (Ho, p. 1997).

The measurement of this electromagnetic field, also known as the etheric field, the body double, or the Wei Qi (protective energy) in Chinese Medicine, was first utilized in energetic testing by Dr. Paul Nogier in his Auriculomedicine technique (Nogier also originated auriculotherapy). In MRT, the EMF can be measured through the therapy localization of the ulnar bone (used as a microrepresentation of the body's EMF), using the reflex arm measurement test to note change when the exact distance of the EMF is located. In health, the EMF should be very close - within millimeters - of the physical body. In dysfunction and disease however, the EMF drifts out from the body, sometimes as far as four feet away.

It is explained in Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM), that when this normally protective Wei Qi field of energy is dispersed outward the body can no longer defend itself against "external pernicious influences." These pernicious forces in TCM classically included the elements of wind, damp, cold and heat. Unfortunately nowadays, we face even more pernicious and formidable influences, including poisoning from heavy metals (mercury, nickel, aluminum, etc.) and chemicals (propylene glycol, benzene, toluene, etc.); foreign microbes from vaccinations (as well as the aluminum and thimerosal included); pathogenic bacteria manufactured in insidiously silent dental, tonsil, sinus and genital focal infections; and the chronic inflammatory by-products from the use of excessive pharmaceutical (and street) drugs, needless surgeries (anesthetic is a proven carcinogen) and devitalized refined foods.

MRT thus provides practitioners with a second measuring system to more precisely and accurately evaluate patients' issues. For example, the aforementioned patient who responded with a right short arm from the challenge of a mercury vial may next respond with even arms with the challenge of some form of appropriate treatment, such as a bottle of chlorella (which helps bind toxic metals in the body and remove them primarily through the colon). This is a classic "2-Point," first identified by Dr. George Goodheart, which occurs in MRT as well as kinesiological testing.

The field measurement test can help further evaluate if this product is exactly right for the patient. For example, if this particular brand of chlorella is not perfect for the patient,
then the field measurement test will not test well, that is, not close enough to the body. And since the doctor or practitioner is searching for the most perfect supplement to mitigate mercury poisoning, an EMF test that is still approximately 8 inches away from the body, for example, indicates this brand of chlorella is not good enough and should not be prescribed.

However, when the practitioner tests another form of algae, say "Alginate Plus" (an alginate that has proved superior to chlorella and has some milk thistle herb in it which helps activate bile and further flush toxic metals from the body), the patient responds optimally - with a tight and protective electromagnetic field.

Thus, the field measurement test is like the second part of a "one-two punch" in diagnostic assessment. And when both the reflex arm measurement and the field measurement are used in tandem, doctors and practitioners can more accurately assess dysfunction and disease in patients, as well as more precisely fine-tune the most appropriate customized holistic treatments.

**The 6-Channel Adaptation Testing**

Another important component of modern Matrix Reflex Testing is the use of the 6-channel adaptation patterns. The six channels, based on the ancient Chinese text *Shang Han Lun*, represent six different energies comprised of one arm and one leg meridian. For example, the Tai Yang, or Greater Yang, channel is composed of the bladder meridian (on the leg) and the small intestine meridian (on the arm), and is regarded in this system as one long yang meridian.

The six channels react to, defend against, and adapt to stress. The late great Alan Beardall, DC, who originated Clinical Kinesiology, mapped out these 6-channel patterns through the measurement of leg and arm length (not the reflex arm test but a measurement of the arms extended in a straight-arm, traction-like manner). He used to use all six at once as an entry into deeper ("core-level") diagnostic testing. Dr. Williams has found that the use of these 6-channels individually is also valuable, and fit perfectly into the MRT technique. For example, when a patient who presents initially in Lesser Yin with a right short leg (lumbosacral contraction pattern) and a left short arm (cervicothoracic contraction pattern), the legs and arms can be "evened" with either the associated Kidney 3 or Heart 7 auriculotherapy point (according to Bahr). By clearing this 6-channel adaptation pattern, the true cause of the short leg/short arm adaptation can then be elicited and treated. Thus, this ancient Chinese philosophy and acupuncture technique can be used to help clear adaptation patterns that the body has utilized defensively when it was under stress - often holding on to these patterns for years and decades - that often obscure accurate energetic testing.

Dr. Williams also discovered over several years of clinical research in working with these 6-channel adaptive patterns another key factor that has since greatly influenced the Matrix Reflex Testing method. She found that whenever the MRT test displayed a left short arm, that this was signaling an underlying 6-channel distortion pattern that needed to be cleared before one could gain clarity and accuracy in testing. In contrast, the response of a right short arm may indicate an underlying 6-channel adaptation pattern, or be an entirely appropriate (non-adaptive) response to a challenge (a positive hand chakra in the patient's dominant hand can differentiate an adaptive versus normal response). In conclusion, it was found that it **does matter** whether a patient's arm goes right or left short, and the only appropriate clear response in the MRT method is a right
short arm. Thus, the 6-channel adaptation procedure has been extremely useful in MRT, by alerting the practitioner of an underlying distortion pattern that when treated can bring the patient back into clarity. Further, a left short arm or oscillation response can also signal that the patient is not "on line" and not communicating congruently and clearly. This valuable clinical observation has resulted in significantly more profound treatments that are received "whole-bodily," and disseminated more fully and deeply throughout the system via the ubiquitous liquid crystal matrix tissue.

The Use of Hand Modes
Hand modes were originated by Alan Beardall, DC, in 1978, and evolved into a primary component of his muscle testing technique, Clinical Kinesiology. After his death in 1987, more modes were developed by Richard Holding, DO; Gary Klepper, DC; Solihih Thom, DO; Rene Espy, DC; Robert Shane; Louisa Williams, MS, DC, ND; and others. The use of hand modes as diagnostic and therapeutic filters greatly augments the specificity of diagnosis and the effectiveness of therapeutic intervention. In 1998, Dr. Williams developed a set of Mode Cards containing almost 400 diagnostic and therapeutic modes, which help further facilitate diagnostic and therapeutic assessment in the MRT technique, as well as in kinesiology and other energetic testing methods.

Summary of Matrix Reflex Testing
When well-trained and knowledgeable physicians and practitioners carefully assess the state of the very ubiquitous and highly sensitive matrix tissue through the reflex arm length test and the measurement of the EMF, in conjunction with clearing any 6-channel adaptations that may present initially or arise during treatment, and furtherutilize the highly precise diagnostic Mode Cards, optimum energetic testing results. Holistic doctors and practitioners - in combination with an extensive history and physical exam and appropriate laboratory and x-ray tests - experience notably greater accuracy in their diagnostic testing as well as more profound, effective and in-depth treatments. Just as with the Neural Kinesiology method (co-authored by Klinghardt/Williams, now taught as ART by Klinghardt), toxic metals and chemicals, primary food allergies, nutritional deficiencies, dominant foci, and other major factors that contribute to chronic disease and dysfunction still "hold up" as essential to diagnose and treat for optimal wellness. In addition, Dr. Williams has also included other "sine qua non" treatments that can be more accurately assessed with the MRT method, including the use of auriculotherapy (according to Nogier), drainage (gemmotherapy embryonic herbal remedies), Schuessler cell salts and San Pharma isopathic drops (especially to heal bone and soft tissue in dental focal infections), therapeutic foods and probiotics (Biimmersion.com), and constitutional homeopathy (according to the Sankaran System).

Uses
- To determine proper arch relationship for occlusion and centric positioning in fixed and removable appliances.
- To test for biocompatibility or allergy of dental materials and other substances.
- To test for nutritional needs.
- To use in differential diagnosis of dental disturbances.

Additional uses are being developed as knowledge increases.
Training
The IABDM recommends a basic session that includes proper muscle testing dynamics and the philosophy of muscle testing. We strongly suggest – at minimum – a 24 hour course. Additional coursework only improves the practitioner’s skill level.

Education
- Marin Naturopathic Medicine
  http://www.marinaturopathicmedicine.com
  http://www.radicalmedicine.com

Resources
- International Academy of Applied Kinesiology
  http://www.icak.com/
- Dental Kinesiology by George Eversaul, PhD, DK Research (1978)
- Cranial Dental Sacral Complex by Gerald Smith, DDS, G.H. Smith (1983)
**Electro-Acupuncture after Voll (EAV), Electrodermal Assessment**

According to *Mosby’s Medical Dictionary* (8th edition), Electroacupuncture after Voll (EAV) is a system of diagnosis and treatment based on the measurement of the electrical characteristics of acupoints, with the results being used to determine specific remedies.

In the late 1940s, Dr. Reinhold Voll, a German physician, anatomy professor and acupuncturist, developed the forerunner of the EAV units of today, the Dermatron. This device and its progeny are basically ohmmeters. Voll found that there is significantly less resistance over an acupuncture point than over skin in general – 10,000 ohms over a normal acupuncture point, which is represented as 50 on a 100 point scale. When inflammation is present, there is less resistance and thus a higher reading. When degenerative changes occur, there is more resistance and a lower reading.

Using the Dermatron, Voll was able to determine that every tooth and its surrounding structure relates to specific organs, tissues, vertebra, and muscles.

*In the United States, the information gathered through EAV is considered data. It may not be considered as the sole means to make a diagnosis.* Just as you need more data than a thermometer measures to determine if a patient has the flu or meningitis, you need more than EAV data to diagnose.

**Uses**
- Determination of imbalances via resistance to areas of the body.
- Biocompatibility testing of dental materials.
- Nutritional screening.
- Homeopathic matching.

**Training**

Effective use of EAV takes time to master. A number of courses are available for developing knowledge and skills:

- **Diploma in Bio Electric Functions Diagnostics (EAV Testing)**
  [http://homeopathicmesotherapy.com/Biodiagnostics_EAV_Training_Courses.htm](http://homeopathicmesotherapy.com/Biodiagnostics_EAV_Training_Courses.htm)

- **EAV Intensive**
  [http://www.periodensystem.ch/courses.html](http://www.periodensystem.ch/courses.html)

- **Physica Energetics BioTesting/EAV**

- **BioTron Training**
- **ARC EAV/EDS Advanced Courses** (100 hour)  

- **Veradyne Level One & Advanced EAV Training**  
  [http://veradyne.com/training-events/](http://veradyne.com/training-events/)

- **AIBS Advanced EAV/EDS Screening Skills**  
  [http://aoibs.com/sessions.htm](http://aoibs.com/sessions.htm)

- **IHT Basic & Advanced Training**  

**Bibliography**


**Research Overview**

40 Years of Electro Accupuncture According to Voll (EAV): Summary of Studies and Scientific Publications  
by Bernhard A. Weber, Marburg  
Source: [http://www.naturmednet.de/Studien/eavengl.htm](http://www.naturmednet.de/Studien/eavengl.htm)  
[Some spelling has been corrected from the original – Ed.]

Concerning electro acupuncture of Voll there are 9 universities dissertations and numerous studies by which the diagnostic possibilities of EAV are confirmed (Berlin, Heidelberg, München, Würzburg, Witten/Herdecke, Moskau, Taipeh/Taiwan, Utrecht NL, Honolulu/USA).

The argument of missing proofs is no more to be justified.
The successful development and international circulation of EAV unfortunately is still in contradiction to acceptance of this procedure by the majority of doctors and medical health insurances. These assembled studies and scientific publications show, that all bases but the holistic medical combination of diagnostic and therapy, too, were meanwhile examined and confirmed to be successful.

The stock-taking of 1992 of the University Witten/Herdecke to research situation of electro acupuncture according to Voll now requires fundamental supplements (lit. 1).

All colleagues are asked to send in new and lacking articles and studies for later enlargement.

1 - 40 High schools and universities and made up studies and dissertations
basic research, diagnostic and therapeutic studies, individual cases

Private studies and evaluations
basic research, diagnostic studies and therapeutic studies

Representation of individual cases

Teacher's books

Literature
The following studies and scientific work for diagnostic and therapy with electro-acupuncture according to Voll are represented to us and give suggestions to effectiveness, possibilities and limitations.

A: Studies and dissertations drawn up in universities

Basic research
A-1: This first scientific dissertation "About the electric reaction of special segments of the skin" by Dipl. Ing. C.-E. Overhof, TH Karlsruhe, 1960 is unconnected with EAV, but the procedure of diagnosis electro neural therapy by Croon. He suggests by measuring exact skin points the condition of the health of the inner organs. Overhof concludes by this measuring that the membrane of cells is measured and that there exists a system, which is combined the skin area. The definite difference of the measuring results with the healthy and sick can be confirmed. The possibility of a normalizing through purposeful electric simulating therapy is mentioned. Because of the similar technic a transfer to electro acupuncture by Voll appears to be possible.

A-2: In 1987 H. Heine histologically pointed out the morphology of the acupuncture points as perforation of fascides of the connecting tissue-vessel-nerves of the superficial fascial of the body and facilitated this way a physical explanation for the electric measurement of acupuncture. Thereby the relation between skin points and distant organs could be understood. Further examinations in 1990 and 1993 completed the check-ups.

Attestation of several other universities followed (M. Eggerbacher, 1991, Vienna; Zerlauth, 1992, Munich)
Electroacupuncture as a diagnostic method of the objectivity so called focuses is regarded as a method of outsiders and of different importance, the authors summarize their critical experiences in a study as a relevance, which is a technique distant of orthodox medicine. They could indicate possibilities of electro acupuncture, but they pleaded to clarify by intensive research.

Results: The summary of our results is represented in illustration no. 15:
In 59 % of cases (Column D) the results of the electroacupuncture test were congruent with positive, clinical and roentgenologic test.

In 26 % of the cases (Column C) the negative, clinical, roentgenological and electroacupuncture test were congruent, i. e. in 85 % of the cases corresponded. In 9 % of the cases (Column B) there was a clinical and roentgenological test, but not electroacupuncture, and in 6 % the result was exactly opposite.

For us there are no doubts concerning the meaningfulness of this method of examination because of the considerable correlating results by 85 %.

Summary:
For electroacupuncture as a method to diagnose focuses parts served as testing procedure and it’s evaluation as a relevant diagnosis, but there are always still some hypothetical and unknown parts. Therefore further research is necessary before one can support without reservation electroacupuncture to diagnose focuses.

A-5: American works of the University Honolulu/Hawaii, USA

Electroacupuncture according to Voll will now indicate as epidermal screening test (EDST).

The Allergy Study by f. Lam, J. Tsuei, 1982, of electroacupuncture, enforced by the University of Hawaii in USA shows in comparison with five acknowledged test procedures of orthodox medicine accordance in allergy test by about 80 percent. Therefore electroacupuncture by Voll is regarded as a very valuable method of diagnosis.

A-6: The article "Case Findings from a Family Practitioner's Office Using EAV" from the American Journal of Acupuncture, (Vol. II, N1, 1983, page 23 - 29) by Prof. J. Tsuei and F. Lam describes eleven patients with different diagnosis tested by acupuncture of Voll. The internal specialists tests affirmed the found stress (laboratory, roentgen, histology
Six found melanomas were treated with operation and orthodox medicine, with metastatic condition shorten the life span of patients in five cases would seize already early stage of the diseases and thereby long time positive results could be attained. (Quot. A-3)

A-7: A Food Allergy Study Utilizing the EAV Acupuncture Technique,

Six procedures for allergies were set for 30 patients. In comparison with Skin-RAST- and IgE-Test electroacupuncture shows a good accordance with other methods. A simple and reliable allergy test was found thereby, especially for food allergies (German translation by Institut für Naturheilverfahren in Marburg, Uferstraße 4, 35037 Marburg available).

A-8: Evoked Electrical conductivity on the Lung Acupuncture Points in Healthy Individuals and Confirmed Lung Cancer Patients


30 patients showed in comparison of x-ray picture and measurement by electroacupuncture on the lung point on the hand between 26 "healthy lungs" and four carcinoma patients in a blind test (dividing screen with limited view of the hands shows a clearly positive correlation between the measuring points.
Several other works about special skin points with less electrical resistance were referred in this study.

A-9: L. Klinger, Heidelberg, in 1987 measuring with EAV could make significant distinctions between patients with healthy and diseased lungs as TBC and lung carcinoma. (Z. Allg. Med. 63.563-567) The measuring points as the basis of EAV hereby could be documented.

A-10: H. Gloerfeld, Marburg, made a research in 1987 in his dissertation about EAV acupuncture points in the face (2), on the hands (2) and one "undefinite" point (forehead) on healthy persons during the day. Thereby was applied unusual strong pressure to 12 N (Norm 1,5 by VRT to maximum 6 by the EAV) (page 58). The expressions conductivity and resistance of the skin are confused (p. 60). At first the measurements were applied in an improper way with dry skin. They were compared with results by Gloerfeld using instead of water a paste to make a contact, which is unusual. Both ways of measurement are inconsistent with the method applied in EAV. The differences of the normal range for hand-hand in the beginning test which were observed and the measurement of the acupuncture point are therefore an invalid objection. They rather determine the normal value of "Electroacupuncture according to Gloerfeld". Small raise of the point value is completely overestimated by the alleged healthy patients. The more important symptom of the descending indicator of sick persons and the test of medicine or resonance are not examined at all. Falsely they start out from the descending indicator by hand-hand normal range (p. 89) which is not described in the literature of EAV and plainly shows the misunderstanding. Minor swaying by repeated measurements during the day are not recognized as biorhythm.
The examination of a method of measurement needs to be understood in theory and practice, to be able to appreciate the procedure critically.

A dissertation, which is not able to demonstrate the foregoing for EAV is not worthy to be taken seriously.

Similarly you could reject pulse, blood pressure and blood sugar measurement, as here, too, a biorhythm is to be observed. The extensive literature of studies with scientific evaluation, some with big number of patients was neglected.

A-11: J. J. Tsuei, C. Chung, F. Lam and M. Mi examine in "Studies of Bioenergie in Healthy Subjets" 1988 at the Center of Eastern und Western Medicine of the University of Honolulu (USA) 483 healthy patients in Taiwan with EAV. The possibilities of organ diagnosis of acupuncture points in a shortened test of only 20 minutes were examined. There were altogether three tests, each patient was examined by two doctors to compare the values. The claim of a comparing study on sick persons was made. (It shall be published in 1996.)


Comparing measurement of 95 patients without Diabetes mellitus and 55 patient with Diabetes mellitus. The pancreas measuring points showed by heightened value and falling indicator with high accuracy for the disease. Therefore the EAV is considered as an effective and worthy method of diagnosis.

A-13: The "Study on the Bioenergetic Measurement of Acupuncture Points for Determination of Correct Dosages of Allopathic or Homeopathic Medicines in Treatment of 'Diabetes Mellitus'" in Am. J. of Acupuncture, Vol. 18, No. 2, 1990 by F. Lam, J. Tsuei and Z. Zhao of the University of Hawaii, USA, tested on 55 patients with the help of EAV-medication test the optimal doses of insulin or oral antidiabetic. The severity of pancreatic damage could hereby be determined. Without the optimal doses of medication could be determined before the patient took it, who usually has to be tested during several days to become adjusted to it. To determine it, measuring points had to be equalized. (German Translation: Institut für Naturheilverfahren, Uferstraße 4, 35037 Marburg, published in Panta, Z. f. bio. Funktionsdiagnostik, Haug-Verlag)

A-14: The dissertation "Electroacupuncture - modern development for diagnostic and therapeutic possibilities by enlarged procedures" by Monika Vogl (1991) at the University Würzburg - gives the overviews with the description of the consisting methods EAV, BFD and Vegatest method. The necessity of further scientific evaluations is stressed. Private tests did not take place.

A-15: Electroacupuncture tests at the University Utrecht in the Netherlands. The double blind study of the Netherlands "Homeopathic medicines in closed phials tested by changes in the conductivity of the skin: a critical evaluation. Blind testing and partial elucidation of the mechaniques" by R. van Wijk of the University Utrecht 1992, 80 pages, represents a comprehensive test, to affirm the testing of medication by EAV scientifically. It was confirmed, accertained statistically, that the changing of the skin’s electrical conductivity on the acupuncture points can be arrived, like found by the testing of medicine through fitting test ampoules.
The artificial poisoning by Diphenyl (preservative for citrus fruit) was equalized in experimental test with the homeopathic medicine Sulphur D12, the failing indicator during the measuring could be abolished. The results in double blind test were significant, the failure rate was remarkable. The artificial testing situation could be the reason. Therapy studies with complete "wholeness" diagnose and therapy should follow here. They require much larger demand, for which up to now no institution was found.

A-16 to A-20: Further tests by Mrs. Prof. J. Tsuei of the Yang-Ming University in Taiwan, the promise to publish in German was accomplished:

- Comparative-descriptive study, N=162
- Only available in Chinese (Übersetzung geplant, Institut f. N. Marburg)

- Descriptive study
- Abstract currently available in English

- Comparative-descriptive study, N=10
- Abstract currently available in English

- Descriptive study, N=60
- Abstract currently available in English

- Presentation
- Abstract currently available in English

- Descriptive study
- Synopsis currently available in English**

- Presentation
- Case control study, N=405
- Synopsis currently available in English

- Comparative-descriptive study, N=139
- Abstract currently available in English

- Comparative-descriptive, N=160
- Abstract currently available in English

- Review article, 53 references
- In English

**Available in: Tsuei, Julia J., editor. International Congress on Traditional Medicine (Beijing) '91, Symposium & Workshop on October 21, 1991, Modern Interpretation of "Qi" and "Blood" - Bioenergetic Medicine, Taipei: Foundation For East-West Medicine, 1991


Since 1987 Prof. Dr. Maiwald in Würzburg was very preoccupied with the possibilities of the bioenergetic of regulations of procedure. Under his direction appeared five inaugural dissertations concerning the procedures of measurement BFD and VRT, which are related to EAV. (Quoted from P. Pflaum, Medizin transparent, 1 - 1996)


In circadian procedure during 40 hours rhythms with different maximal and minimal can be observed, they are independent of the chosen measure point, but have a timely parallel procedure. They don't correlate with the traditional Chinese organ clock but with the physiological productivity curve. (Quot. by P. Pflaum, Medizin transparent, 1 - 1996)


In a general practice office were found the following data with Colitis ulcerosa resp. M. Crohn, tested by the VRT-method (before Vega-Test), similar to the EAV method, treated among others with Mercury solubilis. Through a retrospective questioning the subjective success of treatment was determined, to be able to find a possible correlation between the material amalgam incrimination and disease. A possible correlation is predicted to be possible. Schmitz expresses himself very restraining to the topic and the strong points of VRT. Before the background of the effects from acute and chronic poisoning from quicksilver to stomach and large intestinal track as well as the immun modular effect of quicksilver ions as antigen you need not to be astonished at all about the correlation of amalgam incrimination of Colitis ulcerosa resp. M Crohn, as it is demonstratable by VRT. Dental patients before and after amalgam sanitation should be tested.(Quot. P. Pflaum, Medizin transparent 1 - 1996)


As method of BFD the electro skin test was used. The discovery of tooth focuses by conventional methods always was successful by roentgenological changes or clinical symptoms. By 87,5 % they were affirmed by EHT. Apart from this further findings were made by EHT (chronic infections condition in the beginning stage). 27 % of the dental defects only could be found by EHT. So this reflex zone test as a helpful completion seeking focuses obtains ist justifiability. The possibilities of obstruction from the skin reaction due to blockage are mentioned.

Umhöfer represents the diagnostic meaning of BFD in form of electro skin test (EHT) searching for tooth focuses. Whereby the use of EHT is recommended not only for dentists, but also for colleagues who practice holistically, without the dentists possibilities for diagnosis at their disposal. It should be mentioned, that by the others methods of BFD a diagnosis of focuses and defects in ZMK is possible. (Quot. P. Pflaum, Medizin transparent, 1 - 1996)

A-31: O. Bergsmann, University of Vienna, represents with the book "Elektrodiagnostik" a reference source for basic fundamentals and differences of electro acupuncture procedures. (Wiener Internationale Akademie für Ganzheitsmedizin, Facultas-Verlag, Wien 1992)

A-32: O. Bergsmann, F. Perger represent in "Risk factor: focus" besides other procedures the EAV as a diagnostic procedure. (Wiener Internationale Akademie für Ganzheitsmedizin, Facultas-Verlag, Wien 1993)

Order of experiment:
1. Development of an electric model of acupuncture with the aim to judge objectively the measuring instruments concerning their grade of quality in measurement and dynamic.

2. Construction of a laboratory system for reproducible measurements with the aim, to identify and to exclude exterior influences on the measurement like the pressure points of the electrode, the skin conductivity etc. The basis for an objective assessment of the testing instruments by EAV and for the possibility of reproducible measurements by electroacupuncture seem to have a solid base through an excellent basis work.


Summary: In this article is represented a testing place by PC for EAV instruments, by it is possible to examine and to compare them concerning their measurement and indication. The testing place is based upon an electric model, which imitates the statistic and dynamic conduct of acupuncture. Opposite to the human acupuncture point this does not change for a long time. The first experiments indicate, that the maximal and the down pointing of the indicator of the different EAV instruments partly agree very well. The upswing of the indicator of the various instruments differ considerably.

A-35: Study to the theme "Chinese Organ hour"

A testing by EAV during 24 hours by S. Eisenmann showed the Biorhythm of the acupuncture points (dissertation in evaluation). Details of this work of the basic research of EAV were published in the article in the Journal of acupuncture by Prof. G. Hildebrandt, Marburg.

A-36: *Pilot double blind study* with EAV to the biocompatibility of dental metals and the exact measurement by Prof. Dr. med. dent. Siebert, F. University Berlin, 1996. Lecture to the meeting: 40 years EAV in Fulda 1996. Five testers (Barthelmi, Heinrici, Huf, Leiner, Thürhow), tested persons, each by two testers to control after one week the toleration of dental metals. Examinations accompanied with x-ray to the teeth, skin allergy test, immunological status, switching in the physio energetic test. The positive results were represented.

A-37: Therapeutic study with 4000 patients, EAV testing, J. J. Tsuei, Taiwan, publishing announced for 1996


The acupuncture point as well as the ascertainable disease of the pertaining organ by measuring the conductivity could be proved. By several studies they succeeded in verifying the resonant or medicine test, which is the second part of EAV. The result of this supported diagnosis for many acute but especially chronically sick patients shows multiple causes of incrimination whose therapy is only possible by these cause findings.

Conclusion: Nine universities with dissertations and numerous studies affirm the possibilities of EAV for diagnosis. (Berlin, Heidelberg, München, Würzburg, Witten/Herdecke, Moskau, Taiwan, Utrecht, NL, USA)

The argument of missing scientific proofs no longer can be justified.

B 1-1X Private studies and evaluations

Basic research - diagnostic studies - therapeutic studies

Numerous descriptions concerning the development, basis and use of EAV are to be found in the literature of Voll, Thomsen, Rossmann, Kramer and Türk. Especially the therapy effects are represented in the following studies:

B: Vill, Hermann Dr. med. Nosoden therapy by heart disease with clinical verifying in testing of medicine, Nosoden therapy and mesenchymal purification by R. Voll, Vol. 14, 2. Sonderheft/MLV, Hamburg 1964

From 391 patients with heart disease are represented the rates of healing and improving using EAV for Nosoden therapy. EKG and x-ray changes were thereby compared.

B: R. Voll, F. Kramer and J. Thomsen report in 1968 in "Histologic Statistic and Casuistic Articles to Odontogene Focuses" more than 400 mutual cases, which were controlled by x-ray and partly histologically. (6. Sonderheft in: Int. Ges. für EAV, ML-Verlag Uelzen)

F. Kramer points out the high score with patients in a part group with histological post examination comparing EAV and histological results by tooth focuses with chronic maxillary ostitis and chronic pulpitis. These results in x-ray were to be registrated only in a third of the cases. There were very few bacterial results. Various disease cases after removal the tooth focus were represented. J. Thomsen reports three cases with bacteriologic results by these tooth focuses.

B 2: E. Höllischer found by 420 cases of chronic disease by electro neural therapy according to Croon and EAV an accumulation of incrimination of pancreas (116 patients) by infections, silver amalgam, insecticides and other chemical substances. Treatment concepts were represented. ("Toxic environmental incrimination for pancreas in
diagnosis and therapy" in Sonderheft 8: "Diagnostik und Therapie der Umweltbelastung in der Sprechstunde", R. Voll 1976)

B: K. Beisch and D. Bloess represented in 1979 "Ein Wirksamkeitsnachweis homöopathischer Medikamente am Beispiel der Nosoden" a study of regular physiology in testing of EAV. (ML-Verlag Uelzen) The effect of nosodes, the homeopathic microorganisms in high potency is reported as specific for the system and reproducible. The EAV represents an unrenouncable for the causal therapy of acute and especially of chronic diseases, because the correction of disturbed ... is possible. Twelve patients and their treatment are presented.

B: In the field study about conductivity measuring in EAV (Magazin for orthodox medicine 1979, 52, 304 - 311) by Siegfried Häussler, Wolfgang Köpcke and Karl Überla, where 18 established medical doctors took part in a study with 609 mal patients. The measurement conductivity was determined by the doctor and the physician's assistant, that the exact procedure of measurement could be affirmed. The exactness of the conductivity definitely is sufficient and is in same range like regular standard examination, i. e. the measurement of the blood pressure. The correlation of the conductivity concerning wheater and age was only provable. Furrers examinations are necessary to substantiate further hypothesis and to examine the clinical relevance.

B: H. Rossmann. Statistic evaluation of measurement by EAV, Biological Medicine 4 (1985) shows the improvement of the measurement value of a standardized measuring protocol, which corresponds to the improvement of the patient’s condition.

B: H. Rossmann, Popp: Statistic of EAV, 1 & 2. Ärztezeitung f. Nat. 1 and 9, 1986


B: Höllischer, E., Mehlhardt, W., Popp, F. A., Schmidt, H. G.: Statistic analysis of resistance measurement on special skin points. By 22 persons, randomly selected was measured the resistance 4 times in sequence of 4 weeks of each 212 main points according to Croon’s measuring. Phys. Med. and Reh. 9/79, p. 472 - 475

B: Höllischer, E., Mehlhardt, W.: Examination of objectivity of EAV testing medicine by measuring the emission of biophotons - a provisional announcement in Ärztezeitschrift für Naturheilverfahren, 6/1981. Two days’ cucumber sprouts were poisoned by a Heparin solution of 0,1 g/l. After 145 hours the light emission was measured, one without additional homeopathic Heparin potencies, the other with following potencies: D3, D10, D12, D15, D30. Twenty experimental procedures demonstrate with sprouts of cucumbers and beans, that the emission of photons is significant higher without extra homeopathic potencies. It is to be seen the same measurement with additional homeopathic emission, especially with D12.

B: "Hyperactive children - hypermobil kidney; the test results of examination by EAV of 65 children", Zeitschrift für biometrische Systemdiagnostik und Regulationstherapie, Panta, No. 1, 1992, p. 13 - 17, represents the most extensive work of testing medicine in
Germany. The differences to not hyperactive children were clear. The diet, avoiding intolerable food, often containing phosphate, showed the disappearing of this extremely irritating disturbed behavior and also the immediate return with wrong diet. The causes of food intolerance were tested, complementary therapy with homeopathic elements were recommended. By avoiding consequently there was an essential improvement to be registrated: extreme agitation, aggressions and concentration disturbance until failure at school disappeared.

B: J. Fonk reports in her book: intestinal parasites (Darmparasitose) the central disturbance of immune system numerous cases of chronic disease caused by parasite incrimination.

B: Fonk, Ingrid: Zahnsanierung - Ein gesundheitliches Risiko? (Dental rehabilitation - a risk for health?) Ärztezeitschrift für Naturheilverfahren 6, p. 478 - 484, ML-Verlag, Uelzen 1991, 174 patients. This work deals with the problem of toleration of material for teeth. It shows, that in principle there is no dental material with the possibility to become a serious disruptive factor by electrophysical, toxic and allergic processes for the immune system.

Criteria for tolerance are discussed. As minimal demand for artificial material in medical field is to be absolutely free from polymeria. The "over all disturbance factor" dental material is represented in 174 patients with chronic diseases from different specialties, who are resistant as where as far the conventional medicine but for a large part of natural healing procedure, too.

The EAV is under impression of the authors the only method to show the relations and to help the patients in concern.

B: Fonk, Ingrid: Seronegative Toxoplasmose. What the modern laboratory is able to do in case of insuffency of immune system? In: Voll, R.: New results of research by EAV. ML-Verlag, Uelzen, 1987 (116 patients) In the cases of 116 chronic patients the results of EAV were compared with those of laboratory. The laboratory results, assuming an intact immune system is besides two cases with bacteriological cystitis useless. In the other hand the EAV as diagnostic procedure independent from the immune reaction brings a lot of data. This is not only a diagnosis but a systematic therapy, whereby the extent of therapy depends on the ability of the immune system to regenerate. A typical case of chronic posterior uveitis was presented. Independently from the respective symptoms it is possible to prove a case of a typical constellation of findings. A common characteristic is the infections susceptibility and a triade disturbance in the ENT, intestinal, kidney and urological system. Overall symptom is a weakness of susceptibility of these patients is discussed, as a consequence of therapy with dominant suppressive medicine. Here I want to point out to dyslexic children and failure at school. Who experiences how these children develop by EAV therapy physically, spiritually and mentally and how their chances for profession and future improve by better achievement, there will be no doubt.

B: Basic Research

G. S. Hanzl: In his book: “The new medical paradigm”, Haug-Verlag 1995 he succeeds to define the physical scientific bases of EAV. According to cybernetic definition from health and disease, the presentation of regular circulation function and the disease
making disturbing influence is shown, that systems with positive feedback tend to chaotic degeneration systems with negative feedback tend to solidification. The synthesises of both systems is necessary. (Quot. I. Ruf)

B: A comparative study of electro diagnosis according to Croon and Voll - medical examination (Autumn 1992) by D. Danz, P. Rohsmann and B. A. Weber (Institut f. Naturheilverfahren) is confined in the diagnostic part of both natural healing procedure of chronic patients in the for holistic medicine Dr. Walb in Homberg/Ohm. The high correlation of the strong point of both procedures is important for internist examinations of great value for holistic medical diagnosis. The possibilities of differential diagnosis to test medicine by EAV hereby were only used in a small scope (to be evaluated).

B: Blind study for resonant test by EAV (Voll)
This important diagnostic comparison between testing resonance or medicine and conditions of blind study with 51 patients could be proved successfully. The correspondance of both procedures was 92 %.


B: PCB study (Institut für Naturheilverfahren, Marburg)
The incrimination of the air in rooms of a children’s cradle could be proved. All 17 workers and children had an individual molasting factor when they were tested by EAV. In the comparing group only two women were incriminated. Hostly there were a lot of other incriminations or focuses (to be evaluated).

B: H. Vill reported in 1995 in his speech "Essential features with chronic patients and geriatric patients" 776 patients with chronical dental focuses, tonsil focuses, which were tested by BFD and treated by homeopathy. (Script with graphs by Int.Forschungsgemeinschaft für BFD).

Huf, Lübeck, speech year’s meeting, Int. G. f. EAV, 1995, Köln, odontogene focuses, about 700 cases, text to be prepared (pers. Mitt. 6/96)

B: Therapy study
"Acupuncture and electro acupuncture for migrane and headache" comparing study between acupuncture and electropuncture diagnosis with natural therapy; Mrs. Dr. med. Yarong Xiao, B. A. Weber (Z. Ä. f. Naturheilverfahren 7, 1996)

Comparing examination to the therapy of headache and migraine (50 patients) and electro acupuncture by Voll (49 patients) under special consideration of the therapy blockades of amalgam and dysbiosis. Combination of the procedures with acute and chronic diseases.

The possible combination of these two procedures was very helpful in acute cases, concerning the acupuncture and the therapeutic blockades, especially with EAV for the small subgroups of patients, who were treated by both procedures. A parallel examination by EAV of 50 acupuncture patients showed a very similar spectrum of incriminations to the 49 patients of the amalgam study. For both patients’ groups the
incriminations, which are represented, are to be understood as the cause or partial cause for headache and migraine.

Both nature healing procedures are able to in cases of chronic, by orthodox medicine only ... to suppress or enable to heal. It was impressive for the patients to see the rapid relief by practicing acupuncture to remove pain. (Institut für Naturheilverfahren, Marburg) submitted by: Zeitschrift Ärzte für Naturheilverfahren 1996.

B: Therapy study Amalgam study in Marburg, (Institut für Naturheilverfahren)


In 1996 the Marburg Amalgam study was published and for the first 130 patients, who removed amalgam and had a detoxification, it was possible to state relatively sure, that: 80,4 % of the patients felt an improvement of their troubles after removing amalgam and detoxification during 3 - 6 months main method of examination: EAV

Single symptoms - improvement in percent:

Allergies 60,4 %, chronical infections 79,2 %, chronical headache 77,5 %, neurological symptoms 73,1 %.

The only procedure of examination, "accepted", the allergy test for amalgam, was only positive for 13,1 % of the patients, i. e. in it’s meaningfulness rather worthless for the patients.

The treatment of consequent diseases of amalgam: intestinal dysbiosis and chronical infections of the nasal sinus was practised for 82 patients of the Amalgam study in Marburg. Intestinal mycosis, often attested by natural healing tests were proved in more than 90 % of the cases.

Perhaps the far-reaching change of our eating habits with an increase of an average of 100 g sugar per day, ten times more than our ancestors, the epidemic of dental caries and hazardous waste amalgam will show another consequence. The aim of the following pilot study will investigate if the frequent treated eye disease dry eye is a consequence of changed eating habits, too.

"Dry eye" - Keratoconjunctivitis sicca Diagnosis and Therapy

Pilot study with 36 patients

Bernhard A. Weber (Institut für Naturheilverfahren, Marburg)

submitted to Magazin for regulation medicine 1996

Summary

Natural healing diagnosis and therapy are able to alleviate the symptoms of the eye disease conjunctivitis sicca, which is mostly chronic, in addition it is the main causes and with the patients’ motivation it can help to detoxicate. In our estimation the tests of
orthodox medicine DMOS test, epicutaneous test, fecal test, blood test, for chemical charges and allergies of nutrition are more expensive and insecure.

The pilot study "Dry eye" frequently showed for almost all patients as the causes charges of heavy metal (83 %; Amalgam, Copper, Palladium, seldom lead), toxins of charges of intestinal mycosis (91 %) and incompatible nutrition. The comparison with a control group of patients with essential lower charge and the success of therapy confirm the results.

EAV enables to test the single organ eye using the acupuncture point at the hand with the resonance test to find charges and recommendation of therapy.

The causes need to be eliminated if diseases and taking medicine is to be avoided for years. As the heavy metal charges of teeth are frequent and their following diseases: intestinal mycosis toxins and allergies are the main cause.

B: Mehlhardt, W.: "Electro physical basic knowledge about the acupuncture points" 

Different starting tests to distinguish "RST" reaction places of the skin from normal skin places "HST", for example after scaling of the skin by Wolf HST and RST are tested. HST shows an even reduction of resistance, the RST the resistance doesn't show any resistance at first, only at the point of the scaling skin to the wet place it suddenly is considerably reduced. It was shown, that the specific "resistance" under the acupuncture point is substantially lower than of the surrounding area. That means the answer to stimulation electrical tension is higher when the electricity flows and the transport of ions is more intensive.

B: Rossmann, H. "Statistic evaluations of EAV measurement", Biologische Medizin, 4/85

B: V. P. Karp, D. S. Chernavski and A. P. Nikitin published their own experiences in Russia about EAV in their article "Procedures of kinetic diagnosis of EA and application to estimate the condition of patients" in Regulations Medizin 1/1996

Morell, Franz, The changing of erythro sedimentation, the pH, rH2 and rho values in blood by tested and injected medicine. 6 cases with laboratory control of the success of therapy, in testing medicine, nosoden therapy and purging of mesenchym by R. Voll, Volume 14, 2. Sonderheft/MLV, Hamburg, 1964. A detailed description of various individual cases.

Numerous other cases are published in the magazines Panta, Regulation medicine, Biological Medicine, GZM-Praxis and Science, Medizin and in other periodical for physical medicine.....
Examination of Muscles, TENS, Myofunctional Therapy, Myofascial Release, Cranial Sacral Assessment, Oralfascial

The fascia is a fibrous membrane from embryological tissue that reorganizes along the lines of tension imposed on the body. The fibrous contraction has the potential to alter organ and tissue physiology.

Uses
- TMD
- Chronic head, neck or body pain
- Patients complaining of dizziness, vertigo, difficulty swallowing
- Patients with restricted range of motion

Education
The training necessary to begin this work will vary. Lack of expertise may limit the therapeutic benefit, but injury to a patient is unlikely.

- Academy of Orofacial Myofunctional Therapy
  A Comprehensive Course in Orofacial Myofunctional Therapy
  http://www.myoacademy.net/course

- Upledger Institute International
  http://www.upledger.com/takeAClass.asp

Bibliography


Neural Therapy

Adapted from Klinghardt Academy materials:

Neural Therapy (NT) is a treatment of dysfunction(s) within the autonomic nervous system (ANS). It was developed in Germany in the early part of this century by two physicians, Walter and Ferdinand Huneke. Historically, it involves the injection of scars, glands, trigger points, acupuncture points, vascular structures, ligaments and autonomic ganglia with procaine. Non-invasive modalities include iontophoresis, electro-block and infrared therapy.

According to Ferdinand Huneke, there can be interference fields that cause ANS dysfunction – an “interference field” being any pathologically damaged tissue which acts as a stimulus to the ANS. Neural Therapy corrects the dysfunction by stopping the interference field. Once this occurs, organs, glands and tissues can function better, eliminating chronic disease conditions.

One possible explanation for this improvement is that NT actually increases the circulation to the injured organs including the thyroid and adrenal glands, liver and kidneys.

Dr. Huneke taught that most interference fields are found in the head region, with the tonsils and teeth being most common. A bout of tonsillitis or a tonsillectomy, for instance, can be the start of an interference field in the tonsils. Likewise, an infection or a root canal can set up an interference field in a tooth.

Scars are the next most common interference field. Any scar, no matter how small or old, even if it dates back to early childhood, may be an interference field.

Uses
- Chronic head, neck and face pain
- TMJ
- Tinnitus
- Vertigo
- Restricted range of motion
- Focal infections

Education
Training is required after licensure (MD, DO, DDS, DMD, ND). In Germany, NT is available from many orthodox medical practitioners. Elsewhere, it is practiced by a wide variety of practitioners, including physicians, osteopaths, dentists, naturopaths, chiropractors and acupuncturists.

- American Academy of Neural Therapy
  http://www.klinghardtacademy.com/Neural-Therapy/

Bibliography


Chinese Tongue Diagnosis

The tongue is the most visible internal organ of the body and an excellent indicator of general health.

Because it has a high metabolic rate and a rich blood supply, changes that occur through the system can and are seen on the tongue. Lack of nutrients such as Vitamin B, C, zinc and iron all cause oxidation or a change in the cells. The taste cells will change, and patients will report a “metallic taste.”

A normal tongue is light red in color with a thin white coating. It is neither too wet nor too dry, and without cracks or crevices. Specific changes reflect specific pathologies.

Uses
Traditional Chinese Medicine recognizes over 200 diseases that can be diagnosed from the tongue.

Education
Online classes and books are available.

Bibliography
Biological Terrain Assessment

From “An Introduction to Biological Terrain” by Han van de Braak:

*Biological Terrain Analysis (BTA) was invented by professor of hydrology Prof Louis-Claude Vincent, whose Bioelectrônîmètre was first used in France in 1946. His method forces one to take a contextual, broad-spectrum view beyond any chronic symptomatology a patient presents. Vincent found that the defining triad of pH, rH2 (oxidation-reduction potential at the given pH) and Ohms resistance was as equally appropriate to human health as he had found it to be to testing water quality.

Vincent's research in France – where he established his reference bandwidths – struck a chord with eminent doctors in Germany like Dr.phil. Dr.med. Bach, Dr.med. Reinhold Voll valued technique in Germany used by medical physicians, dentists, veterinary surgeons, pharmacists and naturopathic physicians alike. Since, Vincent’s technique has been adopted in many countries around the world most notably in the USA.*

**Uses**

In broadest terms, BTA shows which biological systems are in good shape and which are vulnerable, weakened or compromised. The individual’s values are compared to the benchmark values for health to determine what degree of dis-regulation the individual is experiencing. It gives us our first – and best – glimpse of what is going on behind or actually causing the symptoms.

Although BTA does not diagnose specific conditions or disease processes, it does provide extremely valuable information about the individual’s biochemistry.

**Education**

A variety of courses are available for learning how to use this evaluative tool.

- Biomedx

- Alternative Medicine College of Canada
  *Semiology of the Biological Terrain*

**Bibliography**


Acupuncture

Oral acupuncture is a form of acupuncture performed in the oral cavity. As Dr. med. Jochen M. Gleditsch presented to the Academy in 1989, the acupuncture points he located in the oral mucous membrane “can be used to influence disorders of various parts of the body.”

Because it is not therapeutically practical to apply acupuncture needles in the mouth, Dr. Gleditsch taught that they should be stimulated by means of superficial injections into the oral mucous membrane, using natural saline solution, low percentage local anesthetics (.5 to 1%) or a mix of both. “Homeopathic or other physiological dilutions may be added,” he said, “depending on the basic functional disorder involved.”

The points may also be stimulated by laser irradiation.

Additionally, Oral Acupuncture is comparable to Ear Acupuncture. Pain conditions as well as blocked movements of all parts of the spine and of the joints improve considerably. For some reason, however, there are patients who respond better to Oral Acupuncture and others to auriculotherapy, and others to traditional acupuncture.

Uses
• Pain
• Limited range of motion
• Facial paralysis
• TMJ
• Xerostoma

Education
The IABDM strongly suggests coursework be taken to develop utmost precision in delivering therapy.

• Health CMi Acupuncture CE Online Courses
  http://www.healthcmi.com/acupunctureceuscontinuingeducationonline

Bibliography


Kramer F. Energetic interrelations between maxilla-dental region and whole organism. From Neural Therapy, Reflex Zones and Somatotopies: A Key to the Diagnostic and Therapeutic Understanding of Man’s Ills, a seminar guide compiled by the American


Homeopathy (Classical and Combination), Flower Essences and Herbology

Mosby's Medical Dictionary (8th edition) defines homeopathy as

a system of therapeutics based on the theory that "like cures like." The theory was advanced in the late eighteenth century by Dr. Samuel Hahnemann, who believed that a large amount of a particular drug may cause symptoms of a disease whereas moderate dosage may reduce those symptoms; thus some disease symptoms may be treated by very small doses of medicine. In practice, homeopaths dilute drugs with milk sugar in ratios of 1 to 10 to achieve the smallest dose of a drug that seems necessary to control the symptoms in a patient and prescribe only one medication at a time.

Homeopathic treatment may involve single remedies or multiple remedies combined into a single dosage.

Uses
- Pain
- TMJ
- Periodontal conditions
- Recurrent decay
- Oral yeast infections
- Head and neck trauma
- Postoperative pain
- Nervous patients

Education
At minimum, one 24 hour course should be completed, but longer courses of study are encouraged.

- **British Institute of Homeopathy**
  *Diploma Course in Dental Homeopathy* (Online course, up to 2 years)

- **Diploma in Dental Homeopathy** (Online course, 220 hours)
  [http://www.worldwidehealth.com/event.php?id=1792&categoryID=64](http://www.worldwidehealth.com/event.php?id=1792&categoryID=64)

- **Dental Homeopathy** (In-person course, 24 hours)

Bibliography


Determination of Compatible Dental Materials

Compatibility of dental materials can be accomplished through a number of modalities, including:

- Blood Compatibility Testing (Biocomp or Clifford test)
- Electro Acupuncture by Voll
- Muscle testing
- Transdermal screening
Standard Procedures for Removing Toxic Materials from the Mouth

Safe Mercury Removal Protocol
Methods to Reduce Mercury Vapor Exposure to Both Patient & Operators During Amalgam Removal

Additional member commentary in italics

1. Eye protection for our patients, as well as dentist and staff.

2. Pre-treatment rinse with oral detox, then suctioned out; repeated after mercury fillings have been removed.

3. Patient in dental chair covered with disposable drape or oversized bib.

4. Alternative oxygen source provided to patient via nasal mask, which ideally has a one-way valve and vacuum within the mask; non-rebreather gas masks for dental personnel.

5. Isolate treatment area with a properly fitted, non-latex dental dam. If dam use not possible, multiple high- and low-volume suctions can be used. Two high-volume suctions are in place on the “tooth side” of the barrier, and a low-volume suction is placed in the mouth, on the “airway” side of the barrier. Mercury vapors that could pass through or around the rubber dam are thus vacuumed into our office filters and not inhaled by our patients.

Evidence of its protective benefit: As a follow-up to Molin’s 1990 study, Berglund and Molin demonstrated that the use of a rubber dam eliminated the spike in plasma mercury one day after amalgam removal, as well as the spike in urine mercury ten days afterward. Use a saliva ejector behind the dam to evacuate air that may contain mercury vapor. Nitrile dams are better vapor barriers than latex.

In both cases, copious amounts of cool water are used, with the spray focused on the junction of the handpiece bur and the filling being removed. If you keep it under a constant water spray while cutting, you will keep the temperature down, and reduce the vapor pressure within the mercury.

6. Oral rinse and detox after the last mercury filling has been removed or between removals.

7. A saliva ejector placed under the dental dam to pick up mercury vapors that will otherwise pass through.

8. Surround-type or two properly placed high volume suctions are best.
Studies indicate that at-source capture and filtration of aerosols escaping the oral cavity during an amalgam removal procedure is the first line of defense against mercury vapor exposure to the doctor, staff, and patient. When the Dental Aerosol Vacuum (DentAirVac, or DAV) is in use, mercury vapor readings are maintained well below allowable exposure levels. However, when the DAV is removed during the amalgam removal procedure, the mercury vapor exceeds maximum exposure levels by 10x and up. Concentration of particulate, odors, and vapors is at its highest within about a 12” radius of the oral cavity.

At-source vacuums should be designed to capture this concentrated miasmic aerosol with enough cubic feet/minute (cfm) air flow to contain 27 micron and finer particulate and redirect this aerosol into a series of filters to remove all particulate, odors, and vapors before reintroducing the filtered air back into the operatory.

The DAV VII Turbo system uses a powerful fan motor rated at 770 cfm, and the Turbo+ is rated at 850 cfm. An 18” long liner is placed inside the intake hose at the collection cup and is designed to keep the inside of the hose clean of moisture and oral aerosol debris such as amalgam dust. There are 3 more filters in the vacuum unit itself: 1) A prefilter pad captures particulate down to about 10 microns; 2) A HEPA filter captures particulate down to 0.3 microns; 3) A carbon filter is chemically treated to specifically adsorb mercury and other dental specific vapors and odors.

Other uses for the DAV include filtration of air abrasion dust, laser smoke plume, airborne viruses, prophylactic powder, ozone gas, BPA dust, V.O.C.s and much more.

9. Sectioning mercury fillings into as large of “chunks” as possible with a new carbide cutting burr and abundant rinsing.

Cutting the amalgam with a dental burr produces very small particles with vastly increased surface area and vastly increased potential for subjecting the people present to a mercury exposure. By removing an old amalgam in big chunks, you will aerosolize less of the contents than if you grind it all away.

10. An ionizing filtering system and mercury vapor filtering system to purify the air.

11. After mercury removal, dental personnel remove gloves, wash hands thoroughly and reglove.

12. For high- and low-volume suction at the chair, have a centralized mercury separator. Best units collect 99% of mercury before it goes to waste water. Dentistry is the only industry that is unregulated about mercury pollution. We must regulate ourselves voluntarily.

13. Consider appropriate nutritional and physical support protocols under the care of a knowledgeable practitioner.

14. Feel comfortable and confident that the particular restorative materials used have been evaluated for safest use. Use the most compatible and technically appropriate materials.
Mercury Safe Dentistry: What You Need to Know
By Tom McGuire, DDS
Contributed by the author

There are a number of things to consider if you want to make your dental practice as occupationally Mercury Safe as possible. It is essential to understand Why you should make your practice Mercury Safe, What you need in regard to equipment and products, and How you can put it all together in the most efficient and cost-effective way possible.

It is also important to understand that making your office Mercury Safe has nothing to do with the amalgam filling controversy - whether or not amalgam fillings are a health hazard. Another important factor to consider is that because of OSHA's existing regulations all dental offices will have to be Mercury Safe in the near future. In fact, even if the FDA, legislative action, or a class action lawsuit, results in amalgam fillings being banned - you will still have to make your office Mercury Safe because of OSHA. All of these - and more - will be discussed here.

The bottom line here is that even though you aren't yet required to make your office Mercury Safe - it is simply the right thing to do - for yourself, your staff, the environment, and the patient. The unsafe removal of amalgam fillings generates excessive and unnecessary toxic levels of mercury vapor - and once that is understood it is difficult to imagine why any dentist not wanting to make his or her office Mercury Safe.

This article will introduce you to the concept and philosophy of Mercury Safe Dentistry. Where necessary I'll include resources that you can easily access to provide additional information and support.

The first thing is to understand the significant difference between Mercury Safe and Mercury Free.

The Difference Between Mercury Free and Mercury Safe
Strictly speaking, the term “Mercury Free” refers to dentists who do not put amalgam fillings in their patients’ teeth. This term was first used over 40 years ago by dentists who wanted to distinguish themselves from other dentists who believed that amalgams were safe and continued to place them.

However, even then the term Mercury Free wasn’t a truly accurate description because dentists who didn’t put in amalgam fillings still had to remove them – and the unsafe removal process released excessive and harmful amounts of toxic mercury vapor. But being Mercury Free was a good beginning.

Over time, dentists who were Mercury Free developed equipment and safe removal protocols that allowed them to dramatically minimize a patient’s exposure to mercury during the removal process. In effect, using these protocols meant that their practices were now also Mercury Safe. Yet they continued to only use the term Mercury Free to describe what they did. However, things have changed and that term no longer works!

Today it is not enough for a dentist who is both Amalgam Free and Mercury Safe to just promote his or her practice as being Mercury Free. Why? Recently a survey showed that 52% of general dentists no longer use amalgam and are referring to themselves as being Mercury Free. But, and this is important for patients (and dentists) to know, not
because they were concerned about safely removing mercury amalgams — but primarily because they no longer felt amalgam was a good filling material when compared to the newer composite fillings.

This of course has created a dilemma for patients who believed that dentists who said they were Mercury (Amalgam) Free also meant they used protocols to safely remove amalgam fillings. But patients are catching on and now look for dentists who are not only Mercury Free, but will safely remove their amalgam fillings. More and more patients and are asking this question of the dentist: “Are you both Mercury Free and Mercury Safe?” Bottom line . . . patients can longer assume that a dentist who advertises his or her practice as being Amalgam (Mercury) Free, is also Mercury Safe! So it is no longer enough just to say you are Mercury Free if you want patients to know you are also Mercury Safe.

The Main Difference between a Mercury Safe Dentist and a Dentist who is only Mercury Free
Unsafe removal of amalgam fillings can generate huge amounts of toxic mercury vapor, easily over 200 times more than the maximum levels of mercury vapor allowed by all government regulatory agencies. What really separates Mercury Safe dentists from those who are only Mercury Free, is their understanding that:

• When unsafely removed, amalgam fillings release huge amounts of poisonous mercury vapor.
• The mercury released from amalgam fillings negatively affects themselves, the patient, the staff, and the environment.
• Patients absolutely need to be protected from exposure to toxic mercury vapor during the amalgam removal process.

Mercury Safe dentists also have the specialized equipment, training, experience, and skills necessary to dramatically minimize exposure to mercury during amalgam removal. Thus, if you are serious about protecting yourself, your staff, your patients, and the environment from excessive and unnecessary occupational exposure to mercury vapor at the dental office - you must commit to making sure your office is not just Mercury Free - but also Mercury Safe!

Occupationally Mercury Safe and the Amalgam Filling Controversy
Next, it is very important to understand that making your office occupationally Mercury Safe has nothing to do with whether or not the mercury released from amalgam fillings is a health hazard for those who have them in their teeth. They are totally separate issues - but for years these two were pretty much lumped together and a clear distinction wasn't made.

While it is true they both are related to amalgam fillings each is unique. For over 200 years there has been a controversy regarding amalgam fillings and the effect of the mercury released to those who have them their teeth. There are those who strongly believe amalgams are a health hazard and those who just as strongly believe they are not. Certainly there isn't a consensus and while I personally believe that they are a health hazard - the battle still wages.

However, there is no controversy and there is complete consensus about the need and importance of making the dental office occupationally Mercury Safe. Taking this action is
also supported by the ADA, which I will discuss shortly, and its support is significant for many reasons.

Briefly, the difference between the two is that the issue of whether or not amalgam fillings are a health hazard is directly related to the mercury released from the fillings and the effect of that mercury on the person with the amalgams. The *occupational issue is specifically related to the mercury released from amalgam fillings during the various procedures done at the dental office and its impact on the dentist, staff, patient, and environment*; including placing, unsafely removing, and polishing them.

**Becoming Mercury Safe**

Becoming Mercury Free is simply a decision one makes to not place mercury amalgam fillings. Making your practice fully Mercury Safe is not difficult but does involve a greater commitment, both in time and money.

Once you are clear about **Why** you should be Mercury Safe; you will need to know **What** you need to do to make your practice fully Mercury Safe and then **How** to implement the safe removal protocols once that has been accomplished.

There are three distinct aspects to making your practice fully Mercury Safe, protecting;

1. The Patient
2. The Environment
3. The Dentist and Office Staff

While they do overlap, they are not the same and it is important to understand the differences.

For example, you could install a mercury separator and make your office environmentally safe. Or you could make your practice Mercury Safe for the patient and do nothing to make it safe for the environment or the dentist and staff. You could even take steps to make it safe for the dentist and staff and not make it safe for the environment or the patient.

I believe there are many dental offices whose practice is only Mercury Safe for the patient - and in areas where separators have been mandated, Mercury Safe for the environment and the patient. One of the reasons for this is that for a long time all the efforts that were made relating to Mercury Safe Dentistry were directed at protecting the patient.

There is nothing wrong with this as far as it goes. Dentists can and do promote their practices as Mercury Safe for the patient even if they aren't fully Mercury Safe in regards to protecting themselves and the staff. It is fantastic for the patient and as I consider Mercury Safe Dentistry to be the new growth area in dentistry it is critical to protect the patient. But if you want to be fully Mercury Safe it isn't enough to just protect the patient.

The good news is that dentists finally caught on and realized that their own occupational exposure to mercury was exponentially greater than any patient. This awareness eventually lead to the equipment and protocols that also included protecting dentists, their staff, and the environment.
Thus, the key here is that to make your practice as Mercury Safe as is possible today -
you will have to make the choice as to which of the three listed above that you are
committing to. If you commit to all three you will need to take all of the steps necessary
to make it happen.

This is a summary of what you will have to commit to make your practice Fully Mercury
Safe:

- Learn Why you need to make your practice occupationally Mercury Safe
- Learn What you what you need to protect each of the three segments
- Learn How to maximize the protection
- Purchase all the equipment and products necessary
- Set your office up to be Mercury Safe
- Educate your staff
- Educate your patients
- Understand and follow the established Mercury Safe removal protocols

**Why Your Practice Should be Mercury Safe**

Being Mercury Safe should be the cornerstone of the modern dental practice. In my
opinion, every dentist who is considering making their practices Mercury Safe needs to
understand Why it is in their best interests to do so.

To that end Dr. Paul Rubin and I produced a website that explains in detail all the
reasons Why your dental practice should be fully Mercury Safe. (The website
[www.newdirectionsdentistry.com](http://www.newdirectionsdentistry.com) will also give you access to our DVD Course: How to
Make Your Practice Mercury Safe: Minimizing Occupational Exposure to Mercury in the
Dental Office. This is the only course of its kind and is the A to Z guide necessary to
make your practice Mercury Safe. I will introduce the DVD Course itself a little later.)

**Other Important Considerations**

The most obvious reasons have been discussed - making your practice Mercury Safe for
yourself, your staff, your patients, and the environment. But there are other important
considerations that go far beyond the basic protocols.

Here are some other reasons Why every dentist - regardless of how one personally
feels about the amalgam filling controversy - should consider making their practices
Mercury Safe - as soon as possible.

- Make your practice OSHA compliant
- Minimize the risk of lawsuits
- Promote your practice as Mercury Safe
- Generate new patients
- Increase revenues

Everything you will need to know about Why you should make your practice Mercury
Safe can be found on our website: [www.newdirectionsdentistry.com](http://www.newdirectionsdentistry.com). However, I feel a
brief discussion about making your practice Mercury Safe so you can be OSHA
compliant is warranted here.
OSHA Compliance

OSHA is the Federal regulatory agency whose mandate it is to protect the employee from all harmful toxins and poisons (including mercury) and unsafe equipment at the workplace. Every dental office has had to deal with OSHA at some point. If a business is not in compliance and has to be monitored by OSHA the process the business has to go through is extraordinarily time intensive - involving a significant amount of monitoring and paper work.

OSHA’s mandate has no requirement to protect dentists, patients, or the environment; only employees, such as assistants and other office staff. The ADA and State Boards place no restrictions on placing amalgams or removing amalgams. Also there are no Federal or State regulations against putting in amalgams or unsafely removing them - but that doesn't mean dental offices are not regulated or off the hook. It only means that existing regulations are not being enforced.

OSHA already has regulations regarding the amount of mercury vapor in the workplace that it considers unsafe. Thus any business that uses mercury can be monitored by OSHA to insure that employee exposure to it will not exceed a set level of mercury vapor. This is already the law of the land. The key point here is that although dental offices (collectively as an industry) are the second biggest users of elemental mercury - they are the only industry using mercury that is not monitored by OSHA for mercury vapor.

So what does this mean to a dental office that is not occupationally Mercury Safe? It means you are most definitely skating on thin ice. Just because OSHA hasn't yet seen fit to actively monitor the dental office for mercury vapor doesn't mean it can't and won't in the future. If it does you will wish that your office was already Mercury Safe.

In addition, the public is becoming increasingly more and more aware of this issue and there is more and more information being provided by the media concerning this topic. Thus, in my opinion, it won't be long now until OSHA expands its monitoring to include the dental office. After all, it is mandated to protect all employees who are subjected to excessive amounts of mercury vapor at the workplace - including dental offices. Its mandate does not say - all employees except those working in dental offices. It is already the law and that fact just needs to be pointed out - not proven.

What we do know is that OSHA's permissible exposure limit (PEL) for mercury vapor is 100mcg (micrograms per cubic meter of air). If OSHA monitored a business using mercury and found that the average levels exceeded that amount everyone would have to leave that facility until it was safe to return. Measure OSHA’s level against the amount of mercury vapor that can be released when unsafely removing an amalgam filling (more than 3000mcg, depending on the source of information). It is easy to see why an office that is not safely removing amalgams would never be OSHA compliant for its ceiling limit for mercury. Even polishing an amalgam can release at least 8 times more mercury vapor than allowed in the workplace.

Minimizing a Lawsuit

OSHA can issue a citation, file a lawsuit, and even fine you. There is also a direct relationship between not being OSHA compliant and possibly being sued by an employee. For example, if a dental assistant discovered she was being exposed to unnecessary levels of mercury vapor at the office that exceeded OSHA limits, you didn't
inform her of the risks, and you didn't take the necessary steps to protect her at the workplace - she could file a lawsuit against you. As I said, there are many other important reasons to make your practice occupationally mercury safe but this one would have to be high on the list.

I should also point out that there have been many studies done about the harm to employees exposed to occupational mercury at the workplace, including dentists and their staff. Some of these studies are available on the New Directions Dentistry website. (You can access them by going to www.newdirectionsdentistry.com and clicking on Links to Hg Studies in the Main Menu.)

**American Dental Association & Mercury Safe Dentistry**

As I mentioned previously, there is a huge distinction between whether or not the mercury released from amalgam fillings pose a health risk for those with them in their teeth - and making a dental office occupationally Mercury Safe. In fact, the ADA's position on both issues dramatizes this distinction.

The ADA adamantly defends the use of mercury amalgam fillings and states that they are a practical, inexpensive, and a **safe** dental filling material. Its position on amalgam fillings is very clear! Yet, it just as convincingly promotes safe handling of mercury in the dental office. While they may call it Dental Mercury Hygiene Recommendations - there is little difference between their position and the one we take and call Mercury Safe Dentistry.

Scientifically the ADA has no choice in the matter as, given abundant number of scientific studies and OSHA's position, there is no way to defend intentionally making the workplace unsafe for employees regarding mercury exposure. Which in turn means the ADA cannot even hint that that the elemental mercury used in dentistry is somehow safer than the elemental mercury used in other industries.

About 75% of what the ADA recommends supports the philosophy behind the Mercury Safe Removal Protocols. It even recommends that the dental office periodically use a mercury vapor analyzer to test the office for mercury vapor levels. The only real difference between what we recommend and what the ADA recommends is that it doesn't extend their concern, or protective protocols, to patients who are having amalgam placed or removed.

The ADA's stated position on occupationally Mercury Safe Dentistry is found in a position paper from the ADA Council on Scientific Affairs, published in the JADA in 1999. This is not so easy to find on the ADA's website but you can access it at www.newdirectionsdentistry.com. Use the Main Menu and scroll to Links to Hg Studies.

In addition, the ADA has also added its support for mercury separators to its Best Management Practices. Thus, the ADA supports protecting the dentist, the office staff, and the environment. The only one not on our list is protection for the patient while having an amalgam placed or removed.

**Bottom Line: You are "Safe" Being Mercury Safe**

Over the years I've consulted with hundreds of dentists who finally understood that there are short and long-term health consequences directly related to on-going exposure to
mercury at the office - and then wanted to learn how to make their practices as Mercury Safe as possible.

They became even more concerned when I explained the other important reasons to do so, mentioned above. But no matter how concerned they were and how much they wanted to move forward, everyone of them expressed a sincere concern that if they made their practices Mercury Safe they would get hassled but the State Dental Boards. Not just hassled, but possibly lose their license to practice dentistry.

This is a legitimate concern and most of them had heard horror stories about dentists losing their licenses just for talking to patients about the potential health hazards of mercury amalgam fillings. This concern and confusion existed because most dentists did not understand the difference between the amalgam filling controversy and practicing Mercury Safe Dentistry.

Of course as I explained above - this is a non-issue and there is no risk involved with the dental boards for making your practice Mercury Safe. After all, doing so is supported by the ADA! Plus it will also make your office compliant for mercury with OSHA. In short, you can feel completely safe and protected from any State Dental Board when you make your practice Mercury Safe.

What You Can Say About Mercury Amalgam Fillings
You don't even have to say anything to patients about how you personally feel about amalgam fillings if you don't want to. The way around this is to provide patients with factual information about mercury amalgam fillings from a credible third-party source - which takes you off the hook. However, you should be clear that if a patient asks you how you feel about amalgams you can express your opinion.

Why is this? The boards are concerned about you giving your opinion about amalgam fillings without being asked. For example, if you tell patients that you think they should have their amalgams removed because you feel the mercury exposure from them is detrimental to their health - and the patient agrees to have them removed and replaced with another filling material - you could be charged with malpractice. This is because the ADA considers amalgam to be a good and safe filling material. Thus, if you get patients to remove amalgams and have them replaced with a more expensive filling material, you would - according to Code-of-Ethics - have done so to make a profit. And that, in their opinion, is a no - no.

Marketing and Promoting Your Mercury Safe Practice
I consider Mercury Safe Dentistry to be the new growth area in dentistry. This is also discussed on the New Directions Dentistry website but it is a very important aspect of becoming Mercury Safe. There is nothing wrong with generating revenues by doing the right thing. It also means that by cost-effectively marketing our practice, you will be able to quickly pay back the capital investment it takes to make your practice Mercury Safe. Is essence, it is a profitable investment in your dental practice.

By maximizing your Internet exposure and learning how to effectively promote your Mercury Safe practice in your community - particularly in getting health practitioners to refer patients to your practice - you will generate a steady flow of new patients and significantly increase revenues. This is not a theory - it works - and a segment of the New Directions Dentistry DVD Course is devoted to this subject.
What and How to Make Your Practice as Mercury Safe as Possible

While becoming Mercury Free only involves making a decision to do so, becoming Mercury Safe is more involved. Hopefully you have already committed to becoming a Mercury Safe practice and the next step is learning **How** to make that happen - and **What** you need to fully implement the Safe Removal Protocols.

There are two ways to go about this. Start from scratch and devote hundreds of hours to researching it - or eliminate that extra time and go to the source. That source is the DVD Course: *How to Make Your Practice Mercury Safe: Minimizing Occupational Exposure to Mercury in the Dental Office*.

This unique DVD is the only one of its kind available to dentists and includes everything you need to know to minimize occupational mercury exposure and to easily and quickly become a Mercury Safe Practice. It is a 4.5 hour course and presents the information in a logical and step-by-step format. This includes demonstrations, presentation of the very best equipment and products, visuals of how you implement the protocols, staff education, and much more. It also offers 6 Hours of CE credit.

The DVD was taken from a live Seminar and will explain:

- The safe amalgam removal protocols, equipment and products needed to make your practice Mercury Safe;
- Where to purchase the equipment and products (selected exhibitors demonstrate their products in the DVD Course);
- How to help ensure your practice is protected from potential lawsuits;
- The most cost-effective way to educate your staff and patients about the value and benefits of Mercury Safe Dentistry;
- How to add new patients and increase revenues by cost-effectively promoting your Mercury Safe practice;
- How to create a powerful Internet presence needed to access the 80% of those searching the Internet to find a Mercury Safe practice;
- How to educate your patients about the value and importance of Mercury Safe Dentistry and why you choose to add it to your practice.

Because it is in a DVD format the course is by far the easiest, quickest, and most cost-effective way to provide the information presented at the seminar to dentists who want to make their practices Mercury Safe as quickly - and as quickly as possible. One of the key benefits of the DVD format is that it makes the entire seminar available to you and your staff immediately - without the expensive of travel and down time at the office to attend a seminar. It also allows you and your staff to view it at your leisure and to be able to refer back to it at any time.

**Educating Your Patients about Mercury Safe Dentistry**

There are a number of ways to do this. You or your staff can take valuable office time explaining this to patients and answering their questions. Or you can provide them with other sources of information and have them learn about it - away from the dental office. I learned a long time ago that while you have to treat the patient at the dental office you don't have to teach them there. We make the following patient handouts available.
Why My Practice is Mercury Safe
One of the first things you can do is let all of your patients know why you are practicing Mercury Free and Mercury Safe Dentistry. After all you may have patients for whom you placed amalgam fillings and new patients who didn't come to your office to have their amalgams removed.

Providing this information will not only educate your patients about this subject but serve as a way to promote your Mercury Safe practice. We have prepared a patient handout that will serve this purpose for you and you can order it from us by calling toll free, 800-335-7755. Just ask for the Patient Handout: Why My Practice is Mercury Safe.

The Difference Between Mercury Free and Mercury Safe Dentists
This patient handout explains the difference between Mercury Free and Mercury Safe dentists. Once you become Mercury Safe you will want all of your patients to know what that difference is. As with the above handout, it will serve to promote your Mercury Safe practice. You can access it by calling the number above.

What the Patient Needs to Know about Amalgam Fillings
The second level of patient education is informing them about mercury amalgam fillings. As I mentioned earlier, the most effective way to minimize any possible risk factor of educating your patients about the health hazards of mercury amalgam fillings is by providing them with information - in a way they can understand - from a credible, third-party, source. I recommend utilizing my book, The Poison in Your Teeth: Mercury Amalgam (Silver) Fillings: Hazardous to Your Health as that primary source. You can access it at www.mercurysafedentists.com.

The Patient's Guide to Safe Amalgam Removal Protocols
There is a lot of information out there for the patient about what constitutes the safest way to remove amalgam fillings. Some of them aren't true, or no longer true. Some are incomplete and confusing. Some just aren't accurate.

For example, for a long time it was believed that a latex rubber dam was the most effective protection against mercury vapor for the patient when an amalgam is being removed. This is no longer true and Dr. Paul Rubin does an excellent demonstration as to why in the DVD Course. A rubber dam will help protect against amalgam particles (particulate) being swallowed but mercury vapor easily passes through a latex dam. However, many patients erroneously think you aren't really protecting them unless you use a rubber dam.

Once your practice is fully Mercury Safe it is in your best interests - and your patients - to provide them with the list of Safe Removal Guidelines. You can personalize this list to reflect the protocols you choose to use. You can add it to your website or provide it as a patient handout. This will provide a number of benefits for you and the patient.

- They will know exactly what you do regarding safely removing mercury amalgam fillings;
- It will allow them to see how you may differ from dental offices who aren't fully Mercury Safe;
- It will be a great marketing tool.
What I'm providing here is a model, or template, that you can utilize to provide this information to your patients. I realize there is no standard, State Board, or legal requirement, for you to make your practice Mercury Safe. Some dentists will maximize the protocols and others less - this is solely up to you. In addition, I wanted to make it clear to patients about the different protocols and how they affect them.

Keep in mind that there is a difference between what you need to know, and do, to make your practice mercury safe and what you want the patient to know. The DVD Course will explain that to you.

**Safe Removal Guidelines for Amalgam Fillings: For the Patient**

The purpose of the safe amalgam filling removal protocol is to protect the patient from excessive and unnecessary exposure to the mercury vapor released during their removal. The protocols listed below are designed to protect the patient, the environment, and the dentist and staff.

What you need to know. Fifty-percent of an amalgam filling is mercury. The amount of mercury vapor released from an amalgam filling is directly proportional to the temperature. Thus, the higher the temperature the more mercury vapor is released.

The purpose behind our safe removal protocols is to not only lower the temperature of an amalgam during its removal but to capture whatever mercury vapor escapes during that process.

1. **Keep the fillings cool during removal**
   Drilling out an amalgam filling generates a tremendous amount of heat, which causes a significant increase in the release of mercury, both as a vapor and as amalgam particles, during the entire removal process. **Cooling the filling** with water and air while drilling substantially reduces the amount of mercury vapor the filling releases.

2. **Cutting the Amalgam into Chunks**
   Mercury Safe dentists use a removal process that’s commonly referred to as **chunking**. This involves less drilling because the dentist only drills enough to cut the filling into chunks/sections, which can then be easily removed by a hand instrument or suction. Both chunking and keeping the filling cool during removal are very important and Mercury Safe dentists follow this procedure.

3. **Use a high-volume evacuator**
   Mercury Safe dentists use a powerful high-volume evacuator/suction system. This is an important tool in minimizing the patient’s exposure to mercury vapor and amalgam particles. The evacuator tip should be kept close to the filling during the entire time the filling is being removed. This helps capture more of the mercury vapor and particles. All mercury safe dentists will follow this procedure.

4. **Provide the patient with an alternative source of air**
   All patient should be provided with an **alternative air source** - delivered through a nasal hood that covers the nostrils - while their amalgam fillings are being removed. This nasal hood provides compressed air from a tank, air from a source outside the office, or oxygen from a tank. Patients should breathe through their nose/nostrils and make every effort to **avoid breathing through the mouth** while mercury amalgam silver fillings are
being removed. If this is strictly followed it will maximize the patient's protection - regardless if all of the other protective protocols are utilized.

An alternative source of air isn’t necessary after the removal process is completed and the tooth is being prepared for the new filling and while the new filling is placed but some dentists may still utilize it.

****Some Mercury Safe dentists do not feel mercury amalgam fillings should be removed during pregnancy or during nursing. Others feel it may be better if they are safely removed. But if a patient decides they should be removed, an alternative source of air should absolutely be provided when removing amalgam fillings from the teeth of pregnant and nursing mothers, patients who have multiple allergies and sensitivities, immune system problems, or any other health issues that could be related to chronic mercury poisoning.

5. Using a rubber dam
A rubber dam isolates the tooth or teeth being worked on. It was believed that the rubber dam would protect the patient from breathing mercury vapor in through the mouth. We now know that mercury vapor can readily pass through a rubber dam made out of latex, the most commonly used rubber dam material. In addition, if the patient breathes through the mouth during the removal process - mercury vapor will not only pass through the rubber dam - but will also pass over and around the rubber dam. Many patients have heard that the rubber dam offers a great deal of protection and should absolutely be included as part of the safe removal protocol. Some people will even insist on its use to protect them from mercury vapor. Because the rubber dam does not protect you from inhaling mercury vapor through the mouth during the removal process, it does not absolutely have to be used when removing amalgam fillings. If a composite filling is used to replace a mercury amalgam filling, the rubber dam offers an isolated and dry field for placing the composite filling. The dentist will decide when it is or isn't necessary. It does take some time to place and remove the rubber dam, it can be a little uncomfortable, and some patients simply cannot tolerate its use. There are other exceptions to its use, including the position or location of some teeth, particularly 3rd molars or so-called wisdom teeth, may make it impossible to place a rubber dam. Incorporating the first 4 steps listed above will provide the greatest source of protection from mercury vapor for the patient. But while the rubber dam offers little protection against mercury vapor I believe that it does make it easier to evacuate the filling material and prevent amalgam particles from being swallowed.

A Note to the Patient
Whether your dentist uses a rubber dam or not you should always focus on breathing through your nose/nostrils during the entire time the amalgam fillings are being removed. I can’t emphasize the importance of this enough!

6. Remove gloves and clean the patient’s mouth
Once an amalgam filling(s) has been removed and replaced, the dentist and the assistant should remove and dispose of their gloves and the rubber dam, and thoroughly rinse and vacuum the patient’s entire mouth for at least 15 seconds. This will help remove amalgam particles and residual mercury vapor from the mouth. The patient should make every effort not to swallow during the rinsing procedure.
I also suggest that after the rinsing procedure, the patient use a small amount of water and gargle as far back into his throat as possible. Again, the patient should **not** swallow this watery residue! Instead, he or she should spit it into a sink or cup. All mercury free dentists should follow this procedure but it won’t hurt to remind him or her. (Some dentists offer a mouth rinse that can capture mercury and, if used, the same rinsing and gargling procedures as explained above should be followed.)

7. **Immediately clean up**
After the fillings have been removed and replaced, the dentist or dental assistant should immediately **remove and dispose of the patient’s protective covering and thoroughly clean the patient's face and neck**. All mercury safe dentists should routinely do this but remind the assistant if she forgets.

8. **Use additional air purification**
Some mercury safe dentists use an **additional air vacuum/filtering system** that’s placed as close to the patient’s mouth as is practical. The more popular ones resemble an elephant’s trunk and have openings about 4 inches in diameter. More and more Mercury Safe dentists are using this type of mercury capturing system and while it’s a positive addition to the removal protocol, it is more important for the dentist and assistant than the patient.

9. **Filtering air in the operatory**
There are a number of effective ways to **filter/capture mercury in the air in the dental office**. I’m not making specific recommendations. But many mercury safe dental offices filter the office air, as they work in it all day and it’s to their benefit to do so. This is more important for the dentist and staff than for the patient.

*****Although Mercury Safe offices don’t place amalgam fillings, they certainly are required to remove them. Keep in mind that you will only be at the office for a short period of time but the dentist and his or her staff will be removing these fillings many times throughout the day. I believe all mercury safe dentists would want to take the necessary precautions to protect themselves and their entire staff from excessive exposure to mercury. But keep in mind that the first 4 protocols are the most important for the patient’s protection.

10. **Use activated charcoal**
There’s some evidence that **activated charcoal** taken 10-15 minutes before amalgam removal can bind smaller particles of swallowed mercury, allowing them to be harmlessly passed out of the intestine via the feces. I consider this to be optional, as very little elemental or inorganic mercury is absorbed through the intestine, but it can’t hurt to add it, especially if you are in the high risk category.

**Comments**
As you can see, the amalgam removal procedure in a Mercury Safe office is vastly different from what you have experienced at a dental office that is not Mercury Safe. The above protocols are only presented as guidelines for the safe removal of mercury amalgam fillings.

It should be noted that all of the above procedures are not weighted equally in regard to how much protection from mercury vapor and particles they will provide the patient. Some are more important than others but I believe it is absolutely necessary for Steps 1,
2, 3, and 4 to be taken. For example, it is much more important to the patient to breathe an alternative source of air than to take activated charcoal so you wouldn't want to trade taking charcoal for an alternative source of air.

It is also more beneficial to the patient if the dentist keeps the fillings cool, uses a high speed evacuator and a rubber dam, than filtering the dental office air. Again, not all the above procedures are absolutely necessary to safely remove amalgam fillings but the more of them your mercury dentist uses the better. Always ask the dentist if you are unsure about any procedure he or she is using.

**What's Next**

If you are new to the concept of Mercury Safe dentistry you should now have a better understanding of this philosophy. You will also have sources of information that you can readily access to help guide you along the path to become a Mercury Safe Practice.

From my many years of experience in this area I can assure you that if you make a commitment to become Mercury Safe you will absolutely be doing the right thing. It is not only the right and ethical thing to do for your patients, your staff, and the environment but the right thing for yourself, your practice, and your health.

I also want to mention the role the IABDM can play in this process. I am a member of that wonderful organization and their purpose is to support its members in every aspect of what I call holistic/healthy dentistry. If you haven't done so, I encourage you to go to its website and learn more about them. It is an organization that will support you in the process of making your practice Mercury Safe, healthy, and offers an environment where you can be in contact with like minded dentists.

**Bibliography**


Surgical Clean out of Bone Marrow Edema, Osteomyelitis, Neuralgia Inducing Cavitational Osteonecrosis in Jaws, Non-vital Teeth (Root Canals)

Diagnosis of such dental foci may be determined through a combination of modalities, including digital x-rays, cone beam x-rays, palpation, muscle testing, EAV, thermography, pulp testing and the pencil brush test.

Education
The surgeon should have completed a post graduate course on open bone biopsy with removal of periodontal ligament.

Bibliography


radiology of 170 biopsied alveolar sites of osteoporotic and ischemic damage.  


Detoxification

Most patients will need some assistance with the detoxification phase of treatment. Modalities include

- Oral supplementation
- IV chelation
- Oral chelation
- Sauna
- Salt bathing
- Dry skin brushing
- Hot-cold water therapy
- Photon beam generation
- Lymphatic drainage
- Acupressure
- Chinese foot pads
- Foot detoxification baths